

DALY 2-EU

A pivotal Phase II randomised, multi-centre, open-label study to evaluate the efficacy and safety of MB-CART2019.1 compared to standard of care therapy in participants with relapsed/refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (R-R DLBCL), who are not eligible for high-dose chemotherapy and autologous stem cell transplantation (EudraCT 2020-003908-14)¹

DALY 2-EU specifically addresses the elderly high risk patient population and assesses the status of early CAR T-cell treatment as a curative option in non transplant eligible patients



Unique tandem CAR T product targeting CD19 and CD20

Is a FRESH CAR T cell product with 15 days needle-to-needle time

Phase I data shows low incidence of CRS/ICANS²

Study facts

Primary endpoint: PFS

Sample Size: 168 patients

Participating sites: >45 centers in 10 European countries

Trial design: randomized Phase II

Treatment:

- 84 patients treated with 2.5 x 10⁶ MB-CART2019.1 (Zamtocabtagene autoleucel)

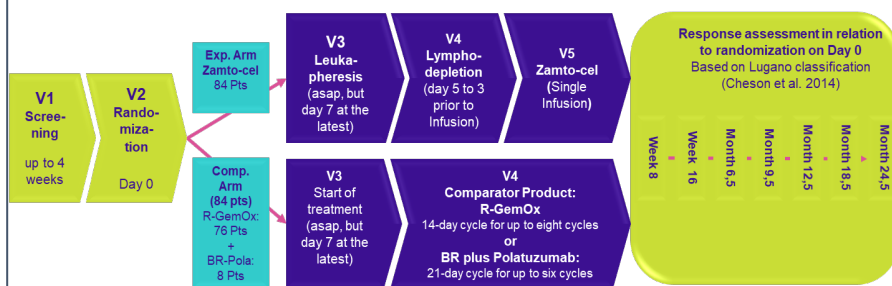
- 84 patients treated with Standard of Care

76 patients with R-Gemcitabine/Oxaliplatin

8 patients with R-Bendamustin/Polatuzumab



Zamtocabtagene in 2nd line DLBCL in Europe Schematic Overview



Key inclusion criteria

- ≥18 years
- R/R disease within 1 year after first-line (anthracycline and rituximab containing first-line therapy regimen)
- Histologically proven DLBCL and associated subtypes (DHL, THL, PMBCL, tFL), according to the WHO 2016 classification:
- Deemed ineligible to receive autoSCT and HDC based on physician assessment and meeting specific criteria:
- Either: Age ≥ 18 years and
 - Prior ASCT (as first-line consolidation) or
 - Haematopoietic Cell Transplantation-specific Comorbidity Index (HCT-CI) > 3.
- or: Age ≥ 65 years and at least 1 of the criteria below:
 - Impaired cardiac function (left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) < 50%), or
 - Impaired renal function (creatinine clearance [CrCl] < 60 mL/min) as determined by the MDRD (Modification of Diet in Renal Disease) formula, or
 - Impaired pulmonary function (diffusing capacity for carbon monoxide or forced expiratory volume in 1 second of 66% to 80%) or dyspnoea on slight activity, or
 - ECOG > 1.